



3 THINGS YOU MUST KNOW FOR MASS AND SIZE GAINS!

By Pete Sisco

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Introduction

Thanks to the Internet, there's an enormous amount of information available on bodybuilding and strength training. However, a lot of that information comes from the opinions and anecdotes of individuals, rather than from the more valuable knowledge gained by working with thousands of people. An article about "here's what worked for me" is not as broadly applicable as, "here's what worked for thousands of trainees." In this Special Report I'm going to show you what is necessary for everyone.

My name is Pete Sisco and I am the co-developer of Power Factor Training and Static Contraction Training and the co-author of seven related books, all published by Contemporary Books / McGraw Hill.

- ***Power Factor Training — A Scientific Approach to Building Lean Muscle Mass***
- ***Power Factor Specialization — Chest & Arms***
- ***Power Factor Specialization — Shoulders & Back***
- ***Power Factor Specialization — Abs & Legs***
- ***Power Factor Logbook***
- ***Static Contraction Training — How to Gain Up To 25 Pounds of Pure Muscle Mass in 10 Weeks***
- ***The Golfer's Two-Minute Workout — Add 30 Yards to Your Drive in Six Weeks***

I am also the editor of IRONMAN magazine's five-book series published by Contemporary Books / McGraw Hill.

- ***IRONMAN'S Ultimate Bodybuilding Encyclopedia***
- ***IRONMAN'S Ultimate Guide to Building Muscle Mass***
- ***IRONMAN'S Ultimate Guide to Natural Bodybuilding***
- ***IRONMAN'S Ultimate Guide to Bodybuilding Nutrition***
- ***IRONMAN'S Ultimate Guide to Arm Training***

Since 1992 I've been applying the fundamentals of math and physics to the issues of strength training and bodybuilding. I'm an advocate of science,

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measurement and analysis of what really works in the gym and particularly of finding ways to make training more efficient and effective.

Power Factor Training and Static Contraction Training have received worldwide attention. Translations have been made into Japanese, Italian, Russian and Swedish. I've received thousands of e-mails, testimonials and letters of thanks for providing people with the best results they've ever achieved. Every major bodybuilding magazine has reported on these books and techniques. It is estimated that more than 150,000 people have used Power Factor Training and Static Contraction Training. The number increases every day!

So what you are about to read is fact, not hype. And it's not based upon what worked for some guy, somewhere; it is true for all humans of normal, healthy physiology. These are the three indispensable elements of muscle mass and strength gains.

1. High Intensity

Muscles grow larger in response to high intensity overload. This is a very simple element of human physiology that has been in operation for (according to anthropologists) over three million years...before fancy exercise equipment, before training "systems" and before nutritional supplements.

The muscles of the human body respond to the intensity of overload in a similar way that skin responds to the intensity of sunlight. Muscles adapt to the stress of overload by getting larger; skin adapts to the stress of overload by getting darker.

Each of the 600+ muscles in your body is accustomed to operating at a certain level of output during normal daily activities. To cause new muscle to grow you have to force your muscles to operate beyond their normal level of output. That's why we lift heavy weights to build muscles....it delivers a higher

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intensity of overload. Building new muscle is actually nature's way of keeping you healthy. A demanding, high intensity workout sends a message to the central nervous system that says, in effect: "This much work is so draining that our existing muscle strength can't sustain it...we better build some new muscle so work at this intensity isn't so taxing." And after the new muscle appears, you can repeat the process with a new, higher intensity workout and build even more muscle.

Once you realize that all muscle-building progress stems from high intensity overload, you'll begin to understand why I've had such a fixation on trying to quantify it. For example, which is more intense: two reps with 150 pounds or three reps with 135 pounds? What about one set that takes one minute versus three sets that take five minutes? Which has more intensity?

Trying to find a way to quantify this all-important intensity of muscular output is what led to Power Factor Training, then to Static Contraction Training and ultimately to the Precision Trainer, which can do all the calculations automatically.

Anyway...the first thing you must know if you want to make mass and strength gains is that high intensity overload is absolutely indispensable!!

2. Progressive Overload

Suppose you go to the gym today and determine that the highest intensity overload you can generate for, let's say, your triceps, is 11 reps with 190 pounds doing a close-grip bench press. Great. But if you go back to the gym and do that same routine every workout you'll never get bigger, stronger muscles!

Why?

Because the overload must be progressive. This is one of the most overlooked elements of strength training. I know people who have done

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basically the same workout month after month. I don't mean the same exercises each time...I mean the same amount of overload for each muscle group. In fact, I know people who still believe you have to 'cycle' your intensity...so they go back to the gym and do less intense exercises...that's regressive overload! That's like having a fairly dark tan then sitting in the shade during your next tanning "workout" and somehow hoping the reduced sunlight intensity will deepen your tan. That would defy the laws of physics!

The truth is, no two workouts should ever be the same. (Unless you are trying to just maintain – not build – muscle mass.) To be productive, every exercise in every workout should be engineered to deliver at least slightly higher intensity than the last workout.

Can you make progress every workout? Of course! Consistent progress is exactly what is supposed to happen! Bodybuilding and strength training have become so mired in foolish jargon and unscientific reasoning that now people find it hard to believe every workout can be productive. But what would be the purpose of going to a gym and lifting really heavy weights if it didn't move you measurably closer to your goal of gaining more mass and size? Every workout taxes you and depletes your body of precious energy and recovery reserves...you should never spend that energy unless you get measurable results from it. And you can get measurable results from it – every time – if you train rationally.

3. Variable Frequency

High intensity and progressive overload are absolutely, positively necessary if you want to make gains in muscle mass and size. There is just one catch...you can't accomplish both of them on a fixed training schedule.

Frequency of training is one of the most misunderstood elements of productive bodybuilding. One of my litmus tests as to whether a training article, book or course is worth anything is to look at how training frequency is addressed. If it says, "Train 3 days per week, Monday, Wednesday and

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Friday."...I know it's a useless program.

Why?

Because you can't have both PROGRESSIVE overload and a FIXED training schedule. Your body won't tolerate it. The stronger you get, the more rest you need between workouts. Fixed schedules are the single biggest reason why trainees quit going to the gym after a few weeks, get injured or catch a cold or flu after training a short time. And even if you manage to clear all those hurdles, you'll soon hit a plateau and stop making progress with your physique.

A consistently productive program requires a variable training frequency. You need to analyze your recent rate of progress and adjust your training frequency to ensure full recovery before your next workout.

But some people like to workout as often as possible and some want maximum efficiency. (i.e. to workout as little as possible while still achieving their goals.) Fortunately, when you complete a workout there is a range of time over which your next productive workout can occur. The limits of the range are the first day you can return to the gym without overtraining and the last day you can return to the gym without undertraining.

For example, if today's workout was on the 1st of the month, you might be able to return to the gym fully recovered as early as the 6th and perform a productive workout. But you might also be able to wait until the 19th of the month before losing the benefit of your last workout. You see? So whether you return on the 6th, the 19th or in between is a matter of preference. But either way it is absolutely imperative that you rest enough time for your body to fully recover.

Recovery must be complete before new growth can occur. Think of it this way...suppose a caveman had a battle-to-the-death with a saber tooth tiger and after the fight the caveman lay on the ground totally exhausted. What is the first order of business for his body in order to ensure his survival? A) re-supply his existing tissues and organs with what they need to get him to safety, or B) build him some new muscle just in case he has a similar struggle

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in the future. Fortunately for us, the brain gives the first priority to immediate survival.

So when you leave the gym after doing battle with the leg press, your brain first takes care of your full recovery. The actual muscle growth process is quite brief and recent studies reveal it likely occurs while you're sleeping. But if you never fully recover, and return to the gym for another depleting workout, you'll never experience muscle growth. And without a variable training frequency, eventually you will reach the point where you never fully recover between workouts.

Can you make any progress on a fixed schedule? Sure...for as long as your fixed training days happen to be far enough apart. For example, when you first start training your workouts won't be very demanding and your body might only need, perhaps, 18 hours to recover. As long as your workouts are more than 18 hours apart, you're fine. But very soon you'll need 29 hours rest between workouts...then 46.2 hours...then 63.8 hours...you see? And since you never know exactly when recovery is complete and muscle growth occurred, you need to be on the safe side by adding extra time off.

I work with some advanced clients who train once every six weeks. In fact, they perform workout "A" then wait six weeks and do workout "B"...so it's 12 weeks between the same exercises for the same muscle groups...and they make progress EVERY workout. With the massive weights they hoist, it would be impossible for them to train three days per week. If their training schedules stayed fixed from Day One, they could never have progressed to where they are today.

Conclusion

Now you know the "secrets" to gaining muscle mass and size. You need a training program that delivers high intensity overload on a progressive basis using a schedule of variable frequency. This isn't just my opinion...it is an

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absolute law of nature and it has been for over three million years.

That's why I innovated the Power Factor, Power Index and the Relative Static Intensity measurement of muscular overload. They provide an exact number that allows you to see your intensity of effort and to ensure maximum mass and size gains in the gym. The numbers also allow you to instantly identify and avoid both overtraining and undertraining. That's just one reason why this type of training has been called...“revolutionary.”

Have a great workout!

Pete Sisco

How To Apply This Knowledge

Next time you go to the gym, ask yourself:

- Is this exercise delivering the highest possible intensity to the target muscle(s)?
- How do I know for sure that today's intensity on each exercise will be greater than last workout's intensity?
- How will I know that I've fully recovered from my last workout?

**To learn more about rational, productive training...
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